



31.8.2017

MAAHANMUUTTOVIRASTO

MIGRATIONSVERKET

FINNISH IMMIGRATION SERVICE

INTERNETISTÄ LÖYTYVIÄ JULKAISUJA:

Jos linkit eivät aukea, nettiosoite kannattaa kopioida selaimen osoitekenttään tai syöttää nimeke hakuohjelmaan.

Latest asylum trends – June 2017

EASO, 2017, 2 pp.

In June, EU+ countries recorded 58 403 applications for international protection. This represented a 1 % decrease compared to May. Compared to June 2016, in June 2017 the number of applications was reduced to half.

<https://www.easo.europa.eu/sites/default/files/Latest-Asylum-Trends-June2017%20final.pdf>

Annual Report on the Situation of Asylum in the European Union 2016

EASO, June 2017, 168 pp.

The yearly Annual report aims to provide a comprehensive overview of the situation of the EU+.

<https://www.easo.europa.eu/sites/default/files/Annual-Report-2016.pdf>

Monthly data collection on the migration situation in the EU : August 2017. Highlights.

FRA, August 2017, 23 pp.

Report covers period 1-31 July 2017.

http://fra.europa.eu/sites/default/files/fra_uploads/fra-2017-august-monthly-migration-report-highlights_en.pdf

Measuring Global Migration Potential, 2010–2015

IOM, Global Migration Data Analysis Centre, July 2017, 14 pp. (Data Briefing Series Issue No. 9, July 2017)

This data briefing analyses people's migration intentions globally for the period of 2010–2015. Every year, the Gallup World Poll conducts nationally representative surveys in over 160 countries. These surveys provide an indication of who is planning to migrate, which countries have the highest number of potential migrants, and which countries people would like to move to.

The number of people planning to migrate seems to be a good predictor of actual flows of people as recorded by the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development, Eurostat and United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs.



Further analysis of migration potential may contribute to developing migration scenarios and forecasting.

https://publications.iom.int/system/files/pdf/gmdac_data_briefing_series_issue_9.pdf

2016 Report on International Religious Freedom

U.S. Department of State, Aug. 2017

<https://www.state.gov/j/drl/rls/irf/2016/index.htm>

<https://www.state.gov/j/drl/rls/irf/religiousfreedom/index.htm#fndtn-panel1-2>

Children on the Move in Italy and Greece

UNICEF; REACH, June 2017, 70 pp.

Analysis is based on primary and secondary data collection carried out between December 2016 and May 2017 in Italy and Greece. In total, 850 children took part in the study, including 720 unaccompanied and separated children interviewed in Italy.

http://www.reachresourcecentre.info/system/files/resource-documents/reach_ita_grc_report_children_on_the_move_in_italy_and_greece_june_2017.pdf

West Africa Monthly Mixed Migration Summary - Covering mixed migration events, incidents, trends and data from the West Africa region.

RMMS West Africa, June 2017, 10 pp.

<http://reliefweb.int/sites/reliefweb.int/files/resources/Mixed%20Migration%20in%20West%20Africa%20June%202017.pdf>

Mixed Migration in the East Africa and Yemen region

RMMS East Africa, June 2017, 5 pp.

Regional mixed migration summary for June 2017 covering mixed migration events, trends and data for Djibouti, Eritrea, South Sudan, Sudan, Ethiopia, Kenya, Uganda, Puntland, Somalia, Somaliland and Yemen.

<http://regionalmms.org/monthlysummary/RMMS%20Mixed%20Migration%20Monthly%20Summary%20June%202017.pdf>

Human Smuggling - No victimless crime: Voices from those on the move. A compilation of quotes and stories from migrants and refugees migrating out of the Horn of Africa

RMMS, 2017, 14 pp. (RMMS Briefing Paper 4)

Presents a selection of quotes and stories, taken from a collection of 655 quotes by migrants and asylum seekers who are on the move along various migration routes out of the Horn of Africa. The selected quotes have been taken from interviews conducted with almost 3,500 migrants from Ethiopia, Somalia and Eritrea in



various locations between late 2014 and April 2017 and are presented thematically in this paper. All quotes refer to human rights and protection issues during migration journeys and provide a vivid account of the various and harsh abuses migrants are facing during their migration trajectories.

<http://regionalmms.org/images/briefing/Human%20Smuggling.pdf>

Illegal employment of third-country nationals in the European Union

EMN, Aug. 2017, 125 pp.

The aim of this Focussed Study is to map and analyse the measures in place at Member States level to fight the illegal employment of TCNs, possible problematic areas and obstacles in this field and strategies and good practices to overcome them.

The Study is based on contributions from 23 Member States and holistically examines illegal employment as a 'policy cycle' – i.e. from preventive measures and incentives for employers and employees through identification to sanctions for employers and outcomes for employees.

https://ec.europa.eu/home-affairs/sites/homeaffairs/files/00_eu_illegal_employment_synthesis_report_final_en.pdf

https://ec.europa.eu/home-affairs/what-we-do/networks/european_migration_network/reports_en?field_emn_document_country_tid=All&field_emn_document_language_tid=All&field_emn_document_theme_tid=1522&field_emn_document_type_tid=All&field_emn_document_year_value%5Bvalue%5D%5Byear%5D=

EMN INFORM, 6 pp.

https://ec.europa.eu/home-affairs/sites/homeaffairs/files/00_inform_illegal_employment_final_en.pdf

Afghanistan Key socio-economic indicators, state protection, and mobility in Kabul City, Mazar-e Sharif, and Herat City

EASO, August 2017, 164 pp.

The report provides a general description of the socio-economic situation in three cities in Afghanistan – Kabul, Mazar-e Sharif and Herat – covering the following topics: economic growth; employment; poverty; food security; access to education; health care; housing; and coping strategies. The report also looks into actors of protection, focussing both on different branches of the Afghan National Security Forces and the formal justice system. Finally, travel into these three cities is researched by looking into restrictions or requirements on travel in Afghanistan and ways of travelling by domestic air traffic.

Special attention is paid to the fate of women and displaced people – IDPs and returnees – throughout the report and a separate chapter is dedicated to children.

https://coi.easo.europa.eu/administration/easo/PLib/EASO_COI_Afghanistan_IPA_August2017.pdf

Pakistan security situation



EASO, August 2017, 115 pp.

The report provides a general description of the security situation in Pakistan, covering the following topics: a brief background on the conflict in the country; actors in the conflict; an overview of recent security trends; the impact of the violence on the civilian population; and the impact of the violence on the state ability to secure law and order. The second part of the report provides a geographical overview of the security situation and a more detailed description of the different regions in Pakistan. In each regional chapter, a short description of the region is given, followed by a description of the security trends, the actors in the region and the impact of the violence on the population.

<https://coi.easo.europa.eu/administration/easo/PLib/PakistanSecuritySituation2017.pdf>

IOM Niger 2016 Migrant Profiling Report

IOM, 2017, 29 pp.

The report, funded by the European Union, is based on more than 6,000 voluntary testimonies collected in 2016 from the migrants IOM assisted at its five transit centres across Niger and on analysis by the IOM Global Migration Data Analysis Centre (GMDAC) in Berlin.

The report reveals widespread misinformation (or lack of information) about what awaits migrants on their journeys and the living conditions in countries of temporary residence, particularly Libya.

<http://www.nigermigrationresponse.org/sites/default/files/IOM%20Niger%202016%20Profiling%20Report%20%28English%29.pdf>

Mosul Crisis: Population Movement Analysis

IOM Iraq Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM), July 2017, 57 pp.

The report contextualizes an overview of the displacement history preceding the military operations and then the dislocation and return movements of Iraqis during the Mosul crisis.

<http://iraqdtm.iom.int/Downloads/DTM%20Emergency%20Tracking/Mosul%20Crisis/0-%20Mosul%20Crisis%20Report/DTM%20ET%20Mosul%20Crisis%20Report%20July%202017.pdf>

“I Fled Because I was Afraid to Die” : Causes of Exile of Burundian Asylum Seekers

IRRI, Aug. 2017, 26 pp.

A report about the causes of exile of Burundian asylum-seekers. The research shows that Burundians continue to leave their country because of the ongoing threats and abuses by members of the *Imbonerakure* and the killings and enforced disappearances of their family members.

<http://www.refugee-rights.org/Publications/Papers/2017/Causes%20of%20exile%20Burundi%202017.pdf>



Cameroon's Anglophone Crisis at the Crossroads

Crisis Group, 2 August 2017, 42 pp. (Report 250)

Since October 2016, protests and strikes related to sectoral demands have escalated into a crisis over the economic and political marginalisation of Cameroon's Anglophone minority. Although the government has made some concessions, it must rebuild mutual trust with Anglophone actors in order to avoid instability ahead of the 2018 general elections.

<https://d2071andvip0wj.cloudfront.net/250-cameroons-anglophone-crisis-at-the-crossroads.pdf>

Judicial Review in Afghanistan

AREU, August 2017, 56 pp.

The report findings indicate that there are a number of case studies that demonstrate the Supreme Court's inconsistency while conducting judicial review and, in most of the decisions made, the Court's inclination was toward political rather than legal reasoning. The report further states that there are examples of the pattern in which judicial review was conducted and made it a dangerous tool for advancing executive interests.

https://areu.org.af/wp-content/uploads/2017/08/AREU_Judicial-Review-in-Afghanistan_English_Print_covers.pdf

Evolution of the Executive Branch in Afghanistan: A Look Back and Recommendations on the Way Forward

AREU, August 2017, 54 pp.

The findings of the report indicate that legitimate change in the political system of Afghanistan will require an amended Constitution. The report further adds that the authority to amend the Constitution of Afghanistan has been given to the Loya Jirga in Article 111 of the Constitution and the majority of experts interviewed recognised that, in the present situation, there are significant obstacles to convening a Loya Jirga and parliamentary provincial council elections are core preconditions for convening of the Loya Jirga.

https://areu.org.af/wp-content/uploads/2017/08/AREU_Executive-Review-in-Afghanistan_English_print_covers.pdf

Syria - "I won't forget this carnage". Civilians trapped in battle for Raqqa

Amnesty International, Aug. 2017, 36 pp.

The battle for Raqqa, main stronghold of the Islamic State in Syria, is taking a heavy toll on civilians trapped under fire in the city. Civilians have come under a barrage of ground and air attacks since the Syrian Democratic Forces, the local armed group leading the fight against IS, and the US-led coalition forces launched the final stage of the military operation to recapture Raqqa on 6 June 2017. At the same time IS has been using civilians as human shields and the Russia-backed Syrian have car-



ried out indiscriminate air bombardments to recapture areas south of the Euphrates river from IS.

<https://www.amnesty.org/en/documents/mde24/6945/2017/en/>

Who Will Stand for Us? : Victims' Legal Representation at the ICC in the Ongwen Case and Beyond

HRW, Aug. 2017, 71 pp.

This report compares the way victims' lawyers were selected in one ongoing trial to broader trends in court practice. At the ICC, victims have a right to participate in trials and are represented at trial through lawyers. The court's system of victim participation, a key innovation in international criminal justice, creates a critical link between communities affected by atrocities and the courtroom. But Human Rights Watch found that ICC practice is falling short of ensuring that the victims' views are adequately considered in decisions about whether and how to organize victims' legal representation.

<https://www.hrw.org/report/2017/08/29/who-will-stand-us/victims-legal-representation-icc-ongwen-case-and-beyond>
https://www.hrw.org/sites/default/files/report_pdf/ijongwen0817_web.pdf

“Soldiers Assume We Are Rebels” : Escalating Violence and Abuses in South Sudan’s Equatorias

HRW, Aug. 2017, 61 pp.

This report documents the spreading violence and serious abuses against civilians in the Greater Equatoria region in the last year. The report focuses on two areas: Kajo Keji county, in the former Central Equatoria state, and Pajok, a town in the former Eastern Equatoria state.

<https://www.hrw.org/report/2017/08/01/soldiers-assume-we-are-rebels/escalating-violence-and-abuses-south-sudans>
https://www.hrw.org/sites/default/files/report_pdf/southsudan0817_web.pdf

West Africa Monthly Mixed Migration Summary

RMMS, July 2017, 8 pp.

Covering mixed migration events, incidents, trends and data from the West Africa region.

<http://www.westafrica.regionalmms.org/images/monthlysummary/MixedMigrationinWestAfricaJuly2017.pdf>

Children of the Caliphate: Young IS Returnees and the Reintegration Challenge

ICCT, Aug. 2017, 19 pp. (Research Paper)



In this Research Paper, Liesbeth van der Heide and Jip Geenen assess what sets juvenile Islamic State returnees apart from adult returnees or young criminals and discuss the potential for rehabilitation.

<https://icct.nl/wp-content/uploads/2017/08/ICCT-vanderHeide-Geenen-Children-of-the-Caliphate-2.pdf>

Moderate Muslims and Islamist Terrorism: Between Denial and Resistance

ICCT, Aug. 2017, 28 pp. (Research Paper)

In this Research Paper, Dr. Alex P. Schmid examines various aspects of moderation in Islam including how Islamist extremists view moderate Muslims and how the latter resist the former, and argues for humanism to be the middle ground for moderates of all faiths and political persuasions.

<https://icct.nl/wp-content/uploads/2017/08/ICCT-Schmid-Moderate-Muslims-and-Islamist-Terrorism-Aug-2017-1.pdf>

Administrative Measures against Foreign Fighters: In Search of Limits and Safeguards

ICCT, Aug. 2017, 36 pp. (Research Paper)

This Research Paper analyses the increasing use of administrative measures, such as travel bans and control orders, in the counter-terrorism context. The paper recommends to establish limits and safeguards around the use of administrative measures in counter-terrorism.

<https://icct.nl/wp-content/uploads/2016/12/ICCT-Boutin-Administrative-Measures-December2016-1.pdf>

Countering Islamic State Messaging Through “Linkage-Based” Analysis

ICCT, Aug. 2017, 24 pp. (Policy Brief)

This Policy Brief by J.M. Berger focuses on a linkage-based analysis of a 2017 audio message by Islamic State spokesperson Abu Hasan al Muhajir and outlines potential insights into crafting effective content for competing and alternative messages.

<https://icct.nl/wp-content/uploads/2017/08/ICCT-Berger-Countering-IS-Messaging-Aug-2017-1.pdf>

Council of Europe Highlights 2016 : Guardian of human rights, democracy and the rule of law. Activity Report.

Council of Europe, 2017, 74 pp.

An overview of the Organisation's activities aimed at protecting and promoting individual rights through the continent and improving the welfare of European citizens while also contributing to the stability of their countries.



2016 was a particularly challenging year for European democracy, with a range of issues including terrorist attacks, the rise of populism, discrimination and threats to freedom of expression.

http://www.theioi.org/downloads/b9d45/CoE_Highlights%202016_EN.pdf

Policing Hate Crime against LGBTI persons: Training for a Professional Police

Council of Europe, 2017, 112 pp.

The police are at the frontline of the criminal justice system and the first point of contact for many victims of hate crime. This manual is designed for police trainers, investigators, managers, hate crime officers and frontline police officers working in countries across the Council of Europe region to develop essential skills to identify and investigate hate crimes against LGBTI persons.

<https://rm.coe.int/prems-030717-gbr-2575-hate-crimes-against-lgbti-web-a4/1680723b1d>

Kotoutumisen seurantajärjestelmän kehittäminen Helsingin kaupungilla / Pasi Saukkonen

Helsingin kaupunki, kaupunginkanslia, kaupunkitutkimus ja -tilastot, 2017, 87 s. (Helsingin kaupunginkanslian tutkimuskatsauksia 2017:2)

Tutkimuskatsauksen tarkoituksena on toimia keskustelun avauksena kotoutumisen-seurantajärjestelmän kehittämiseksi Helsingissä ja Suomessa.

https://www.hel.fi/hel2/tietokeskus/julkaisut/pdf/17_08_31_Tutkimuskatsauksia_2_Saukkonen.pdf

Globalisti - teemana pakolaisuus

Kirkon ulkomaanapu, June 2017 (1/2017)

Maailmassa on 65 miljoonaa pakolaista. Mikä on Suomen vastuu, ja mitä sinä voit tehdä tilanteen ratkaisemiseksi? Globalistissa murretaan pakolaisiin liittyviä myyttejä ja kerrotaan tarinoita perheenyhdistämisestä. Lue taustoja ja tarinoita pakolaisuudesta ja turvapaikan hakemisesta. Lehdessä on lisäksi sarjakuvia ja haastatteluita rauhan, ympäristön ja globaalin oikeudenmukaisuuden teemoista. Globalisti on Changemakerin vapaaehtoisten tuottama lehti, jonka tavoite on lisätä tietoa kehityskysymyksistä ja innostaa nuoria toimimaan oikeudenmukaisemman maailman puolesta. Lehdessä on myös ruotsinkielinen osio.

https://issuu.com/tekoja/docs/globalisti_1_2017_final_web2

Kidnapped, Trafficked, Detained? The Implications of Non-state Actor Involvement in Immigration Detention



Journal on Migration and Human Security, July 2017, Volume 5 Number 3 (2017): 593-613 (21 pp.)

This article critically assesses a range of new actors who have become involved in the deprivation of liberty of migrants and asylum seekers, describes the various forces that appear to be driving their engagement in immigration enforcement, and makes a series of recommendations concerning the role of non-state actors and detention in global efforts to manage international migration. These recommendations include ending the use of detention in international migration management schemes; limiting the involvement of private companies in immigration control measures; insisting that the International Organization for Migration (IOM) actively endorse the centrality of human rights in the Global Compact for Migration and amend its constitution so that it makes a clear commitment to international human rights standards; and encouraging nongovernmental organizations to carefully assess the services they provide when operating in detention situations to ensure that their work contributes to harm reduction.

<http://jmhs.cmsny.org/index.php/jmhs/article/download/100/91>

Hmong Newsletter

UNPO, August 2017, 5 pp.

UNPO has decided to launch a series of newsletters focusing on the Hmong. Because the world can no longer turn a blind eye on the gross human rights violations committed against them, this campaign aims at raising awareness about the plight of the Hmong living in the Laotian jungle and beyond.

<http://unpo.org/downloads/2227.pdf>